

## АНГЛІЙСЬКА МОВА ЗИМОВА СЕСІЯ 2020



## 9 КЛАС

## I. READING



If you plan on going to Hawaii, don't bring any pets. Hawaiians are wary of letting in foreign animals. Your beloved Rex or Fi-fi could spend up to 120 days in quarantine. They have strict rules for importing animals. They carefully screen all incoming pets. Who could blame them? They've had problems with new animals in the past.

The black rat was introduced to Hawaii in the 1780s. These ugly suckers originated in Asia, but they migrated to Europe in the 1st century. Since then they've snuck on European ships and voyaged the world with them. These rats carry many diseases including the plague. They are also good at surviving and tend to displace native species. That means that after they infest an area, there will be fewer birds and more black rats. Most people prefer living around birds. Since their arrival in Hawaii, black rats have been pests as they've feasted on sea turtle eggs. They've eaten tree saplings, preventing trees from being reforested. And they've been a leading cause in the extinction of more than 70 species of Hawaiian birds. They love to climb trees to eat bird eggs. They also compete with forest birds for food, such as snails, insects, and seeds.

Perhaps more troubling, black rats threaten humans. They spread germs and incubate disease. They are a vector for more than 40 deadly illnesses. Some think that rat-borne diseases have killed more people than war in the last 1,000 years. Rats also eat our food. They eat more than 20% of the world's farmed food. And that's why the mongoose was brought to Hawaii. During the mid 1800s, the Hawaiian sugar industry was thriving. Americans were just realizing that they loved sugar. Hawaii was pretty much the only place in America where one could grow sugarcane. But those filthy vermin were tearing up the fields. Black rats were destroying entire crops. What's a plantation owner to do? The answer is simple. Import an animal that will make the rats die! What could go wrong with that? In 1883 plantation owners imported 72 mongooses and began breeding them.

People revere the mongoose in its homeland of India. They are often kept tame in Indian households. Mongooses feed on snakes, rats, and lizards, creatures that most people dislike. They are also cute and furry. And they kill deadly cobras. What's not to love? Sadly, India is a much different place than Hawaii.

When the mongooses got to Hawaii, they did not wipe out the rats as plantation owners hoped. Instead, they joined them in ravaging the birds, lizards, and small plants that were native to Hawaii. It's not that the mongooses became friends with the rats. They still ate a bunch of them. But mongooses are not too different from most other animals: they go for the easy meal. In Hawaii they had a choice. Pursue the elusive black rat or munch on turtle eggs while tanning on the beach. Most took the easy route.

choice. Pursue the elusive tanning on the beach. Mos	e black rat or munch on turtle eggs while t took the easy route.
	(Adapted from : www.ereadingworksheets.com)
1. It is to bring	_
◯A) obligatory	◯Б) advisable
B) inadvisable	○Γ) reasonable

2. How were black rats introduced to Hawaii?
A) The native Hawaiians imported them to their land on purpose.
○Б) The Asians brought them when they first arrived.
B) The rats were able to swim from Asia to Hawaii.
Γ) The Europeans brought them on their ships.
3. The rats
A) carry infectious diseases.
○Б) may threaten people to little extent.
B) have difficulty living in Hawaiian climate.
◯Γ) have no effect on wildlife in Hawaii.
4. Why were mongooses imported to Hawaii?
A) To accompany farmers on the fields.
◯Б) To eat snakes and lizards.
B) To keep them as pets.
●Γ) To kill the rats.
5. What did mangooses NOT do when they arrived in Hawaii?
A) They ate some rodents.
◯Б) They hunted for birds.
B) They avoided eating turtle eggs.
◯Γ) They ate native plants of Hawaii.
6. Which would be the most appropriate title for the text?
A) A Journey To The Unknown
●Б) An Unsuccessful Attempt
○B) How To Grow Sugarcane
◯Γ) Mangoose- An Insect Killer
II. COMMUNICATION AND VOCABULARY
7. A: I bumped into John this morning. B:
◯A) Did you hurt him?
●Б) How is he?
OB) Why was he upset?
◯Γ) Did he like it?
8. A: What would you do if you were in my shoes? B:
●A) I'd give it a go.
◯Б) I fully agree with you.

 $\bigcirc$ B) I intend to go there.  $\bigcirc$ Γ) I'd put on another pair.

B: We enjoyed ourse	9. A:		20. He prefers growing plants growing trees.	
B: We enjoyed ourselves.		◯A) than	◯Б) as well as	
A) What was the party like?		B) to	◯Γ) in case of	
(S) What were Mark and Sue like?		21. He took his car to the garage in order to		
(B) Are you having a good time?		A) have it fixed.	○Б) having it fixed.	
		○B) have it fix.		
10. A: I've lost my new mobile phone last week.		22. 'You must do it tomorrow'. My mum told me that		
B:		○A) I have to do it the following day.		
A) Here you are.	◯Б) That's all right.	◯Б) I had to do it tomorro	ow.	
B) Poor you. (Γ) Not at all.		○B) I must do it the day before.		
11. My friend Susan is a/an child and wishes her parents would give her a brother or a sister!		Γ) I would have to do it the next day.		
$\bigcirc$ A) single $\bigcirc$ B) only $\bigcirc$ B) orphan $\bigcirc$ $\Gamma$ ) twin		23. They became suspiciuos their neighbour's		
12. A party that you give in a house that you have		behaviour and conta	•	
just moved into is called a party.		●A) of ○B) for	$\bigcirc$ B) with $\bigcirc$ $\Gamma$ ) into	
OA) hen	∑Б) tea	24. I asked Tom to the particular invitation.	arty but he the	
○B) coctail	Γ) housewarming	A) took off	●Б) turned down	
13. (1) and (2)	=	B) stood for	Γ) let down	
(2) vea		<b>.</b>	<b>9</b> ,	
○Б) (1) herring; (2) mus		25. You not be late	_	
(2) goos	•	(A) would rather	○Б) would better	
(2) r		B) had better	○Γ) ought	
14. You should always keep a in case you are dissatisfied with an item you bought.		26. Unless you, th school.	ey will expel you from	
A) receipt	◯Б) paragon	○A) will behave	●Б) behave yourself	
○B) recipe	○F) prescription	○B) won't behave yourse	elf	
15. Don't get too close to the platform or you may fall onto the		IV. ENGLISH-SPEAKING WORLD		
	<u> </u>	27. Where did The Beatle	os como from?	
( )A) lines.	( )Б) runwav.	27. Where did The Beath	es come nom?	
<ul><li>○A) lines.</li><li>■B) track.</li></ul>	◯b) runway. ◯Γ) roundabout.	27. Where did The Beatt	es come nom?	
B) track.	○Γ) roundabout.	27. Where did The Beaut	es come nom?	
B) track.  16. Voyage is a	~ .	27. Where did The Beau	es come nom?	
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B) track.  16. Voyage is a  A) journey to a place a short one.  B) journey by sea, vis as a holiday/vacati	οΓ) roundabout.  and back again, especially iting different places, especially on.			
B) track.  16. Voyage is a  A) journey to a place a short one.  B) journey by sea, vis as a holiday/vacati  B) long journey, espec	or) roundabout.  and back again, especially iting different places, especially on. cially by sea or in space. leasure during which different	<ul><li>○A) Manchester</li><li>○B) Liverpool</li><li>28. The 16th President of</li></ul>	○ E) London ○ Γ) Oxford of the USA who led his	
B) track.  16. Voyage is a  A) journey to a place a short one.  B) journey by sea, vis as a holiday/vacati  B) long journey, espectively journey made for putowns, countries, espectively.	or) roundabout.  and back again, especially iting different places, especially on. cially by sea or in space. leasure during which different	○A) Manchester B) Liverpool	○ 5) London ○ Γ) Oxford of the USA who led his Civil War was	
B) track.  16. Voyage is a  A) journey to a place a short one.  b) journey by sea, vis as a holiday/vacati  B) long journey, espectively in the second of th	or) roundabout.  and back again, especially iting different places, especially on.  cially by sea or in space.  leasure during which different tc. are visited.	<ul> <li>A) Manchester</li> <li>B) Liverpool</li> <li>28. The 16th President or country through the</li> <li>A) Abraham Lincoln.</li> </ul>	○ E) London ○ Γ) Oxford of the USA who led his	
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