

I. READING

CELTA (Certificate in Teaching English to Speakers of Other Languages) is an initial teacher training qualification for teaching English as a second or foreign language (ESL and EFL). It is provided by Cambridge English Language Assessment through authorized Cambridge English Teaching Qualification centers and can be taken either full-time or part-time. CELTA was developed to be suitable both for those interested in Teaching English as a Foreign Language (TEFL) and for Teaching English to the Speakers of Other Languages (TESOL).

CELTA is designed for candidates with little or no previous English language teaching (ELT) experience. It is also taken by candidates with some teaching experience who have received little practical teacher training or who wish to gain internationally recognized qualification. Candidates should have English language skills equivalent to at least C1 of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR) or an IELTS score of 7.5, which is tested during the selection process. CELTA focuses on teaching adult learners, but many of the skills and techniques apply to teaching young learners as well. Candidates who plan to teach mainly young learners can take the Young Learner (YL) Extension to CELTA, after completing CELTA.

CELTA gives equal emphasis to theory and practice. The strong practical element demonstrates to employers that successful candidates have the skills to succeed in the classroom. Courses can be taken full-time or part-time and either face-to-face or online (NB: the Teaching Practice component of the course must be conducted in a face-to-face environment). A full-time, face-to-face course typically lasts between four and five weeks. CELTA is a continuous assessment course (i.e. participants are assessed throughout the course) leading to a certificate qualification.

CELTA is one of the most widely taken English Language Teaching qualifications with over 316 approved CELTA centers, in over 60 countries, providing over 850 CELTA courses every year. CELTA is recognized around the world by international English Language Teaching organizations, public bodies, non-governmental organizations, educational institutions, publishers and English Language Teaching quality assurance bodies.

1. Based on the information given in paragraph 1, who is CELTA aimed at?

- ☐ A) at those who are interested in TEFL
- ☐ Б) at those who are interested in YL
- ☐ B) at those who are interested in TESOL
- ☐ Г) at those who are interested in IELTS

2. Based on its use in paragraph 3, what does „continuous assessment” describe?

- ☐ A) a formal test of a student's knowledge or proficiency in a subject or skill
- ☐ Б) the evaluation of a student's progress throughout a course of study
- ☐ B) an oral examination of an applicant for a job, college place, etc.
- ☐ Г) a test of the performance, qualities, or suitability of someone or something

3. According to the article, what does CELTA grant after the training completion?

- ☐ A) job opportunities in international state organizations
- ☐ Б) English language skills equivalent to C1 acquirement
- ☐ B) international qualification recognition
- ☐ Г) opportunities to examine IELTS

4. As it is mentioned in paragraph 3, how does the Teaching Practice component have to be conducted?

- ☐ A) on online basis
- ☐ Б) on part-time basis
- ☐ B) on full-time basis
- ☐ Г) on face-to-face basis

5. Taking into account the information presented in the article, what audience should an owner of CELTA deliver lectures to?

- ☐ A) toddlers
- ☐ Б) children
- ☐ B) teenagers
- ☐ Г) adults

II. COMMUNICATION AND VOCABULARY

6. A: How's your business doing?

B:

- ☐ A) It was fine, but a bit tiring.
- ☐ Б) Not at all.
- ☐ B) Not too bad. Sales are up, but we've had some redundancies.
- ☐ Г) Oh, I wish it could be better!

7. A: I can't understand why he's always that selfish!

B:

- ☐ A) Calm down, Karl. You know George really well, don't you?
- ☐ Б) The things are improving. Can't you understand?
- ☐ B) Oh yeah, I see what you mean. He's getting on my nerves too.
- ☐ Г) Well, it's all right, I suppose.

8. A: Oh, this machine is utterly useless! It's simply driving me crazy!

B:

- ☐ A) What can I do for you?
- ☐ Б) Let's just get rid of it.
- ☐ B) I totally disagree.
- ☐ Г) Sorry about that.

9. A: Where have you been? I haven't seen you for ages!

B:

- ☐ A) I've been looking forward to this event for months!
- ☐ Б) Thank you for your consideration.
- ☐ B) I've just come back from China. The country is fantastic!
- ☐ Г) Neither have I.

10. A: How about going to the mountains this weekend?

B:

- ☐ A) I'd love to, but I'm afraid the weather might get worse this weekend.
- ☐ Б) Oh, stop it. You know, I'm not a fan of mountaineering.
- ☐ В) Sorry, but I don't feel like going anywhere this weekend.
- ☐ Г) Are you kidding me? It's foul!

11. Looking at web pages is more commonly called

- ☐ A) „navigating the Web” ☐ Б) „skiing the net”
- ☐ В) „swimming the net” ☐ Г) „surfing the net”

12. is an international organization that encourages and regulates trade between its member states.

- ☐ A) NASA ☐ Б) NATO ☐ В) WHO ☐ Г) WTO

13. expresses an artist's ideas or feelings, rather than demonstrates what people and things look like.

- ☐ A) Realism ☐ Б) Modern Art
- ☐ В) Abstract Art ☐ Г) Contemporary Art

14. SD cards can be read in a computer's

- ☐ A) storage reader ☐ Б) memory reader
- ☐ В) card reader ☐ Г) Bluetooth®

III. GRAMMAR

15. I didn't see the original document but I a copy.

- ☐ A) was shown ☐ Б) had been shown
- ☐ В) was showing ☐ Г) have been show

16. I know I locked the door. I clearly remember it.

- ☐ A) to be locking ☐ Б) to lock
- ☐ В) locking ☐ Г) lock

17. his shoes, Sam walked into the house.

- ☐ A) Took off ☐ Б) Taking off
- ☐ В) Having taken off ☐ Г) To take off

18. I lend you War and Peace if I it before you on holiday.

- ☐ A) will / have finished / go ☐ Б) – / will finish / go
- ☐ В) will / finish / will go ☐ Г) will / finish / go

19. Each time I gave him a problem he it for me.

- ☐ A) solved ☐ Б) would solve
- ☐ В) solves ☐ Г) had solved

20. During the war, the police arrest you for criticizing the government.

- ☐ A) managed to ☐ Б) might
- ☐ В) could ☐ Г) used to

21. „I disagree. It's not a good idea at all”.

- ☐ A) He didn't agree that it was a good idea
- ☐ Б) He didn't agree that it was a bad idea
- ☐ В) He agreed that it was a good idea
- ☐ Г) He agreed that it wasn't a good idea

22. In autumn temperature difference between land and sea decreases.

- ☐ A) the / – / the / the
- ☐ Б) – / the / – / –
- ☐ В) – / a / a / a
- ☐ Г) – / the / the / the

23. When she she found herself in hospital.

- ☐ A) lived up to ☐ Б) went over
- ☐ В) looked up ☐ Г) came to

24. There was an old, a piece from, and his with his sunglasses inside.

- ☐ A) pen top / the 500-piece jigsaw puzzle / glasses case
- ☐ Б) pen top / the 500-pieces jigsaw puzzle / glass case
- ☐ В) top pen / the 500-pieces jigsaw puzzles / case glasses
- ☐ Г) pen top / the 500-pieces jigsaws puzzles / glasses case

25. „You should have contacted me earlier”.

- ☐ A) She said I should contact her earlier
- ☐ Б) She said I should have contact her earlier
- ☐ В) She said I should have contacted her earlier
- ☐ Г) She said I shall contact her earlier

26. If you're not well, you ask Chris to go instead.

- ☐ A) are able to ☐ Б) should
- ☐ В) ought to ☐ Г) had better

27. You're walking too fast. I can't you!

- ☐ A) keep up with ☐ Б) catch on
- ☐ В) get by ☐ Г) buy into

28. She's been appointed CEO.

- ☐ A) the ☐ Б) a
- ☐ В) – ☐ Г) some

29. office / please / you / should / need / our / information / more / telephone / main

- ☐ A) You should need more information, our main office telephone please.
- ☐ Б) Should you need more information, please telephone our main office.
- ☐ В) Please, telephone our main office you need should more information.
- ☐ Г) Telephone our main office you need should more information, please.

30. The accident happened because the road was icy.

- ☐ A) If the road hadn't been icy, the accident wouldn't have happened.
- ☐ Б) The accident wouldn't have happened if the road hadn't been icy.
- ☐ В) If the road wasn't icy, the accident wouldn't happen.
- ☐ Г) If the road is icy, the accident will happen.