

АНГЛІЙСЬКА МОВА ОСІННЯ СЕСІЯ 2018



10 КЛАС

I. READING

The expression Standing On The Shoulders Of Giants is a tribute paid by an achiever to those who went before and whose research benefited the final results. Noel Gallagher named Oasis's fourth studio album Standing on the Shoulder of Giants after noticing the idiom engraved onto the side of a £2 coin. On the Shoulders of Giants is also the title of a collection of works by the major scientists Johannes Kepler, Galileo Galilei, Isaac Newton, Albert Einstein and Nicolaus Copernicus, compiled and edited by Stephen Hawking.

It is often thought the origin of the expression goes back to Isaac Newton, who famously wrote, in a letter to his great rival Robert Hooke on 5 February 1676, that 'What Des-Cartes did was a good step. You have added much in several ways and especially in taking the colours of these plates into philosophical consideration. If I have seen a little further it is only by standing on the shoulders of Giants.' Newton was clearly accepting the great work carried out by other scientists both before and during his time that had a major part in the success he himself had achieved as a scientist.

But Newton's was not an original reference. In 1159 the author John of Salisbury wrote of Bernard of Chartres in his book, Metalogicon:

Bernard of Chartres used to say that we are like dwarfs on the shoulders of giants, so that we can see more than they, and see things at a greater distance, not by virtue of any sharpness of sight on our part, or any physical distinction, but because we are carried high and raised up by their giant stature.

, , ,	Jack,A. (2007). Red Herrings and White Elephants. London: Metro Publishing Ltd.			
1. The phrase "Standing On The Shoulder of Giants" describes an achiever's intended				
○A) gratitude	◯Б) thankfulness			
○B) gratefulness	Γ) appreciation			
A) a collection of				
(D) a collection of works by the major scientists (D) a collection of science fiction				
<u> </u>	works by Copernicus, Galilei,			
3. Robert Hooke was Isaak Newton's				
A) devoted friend	○Б) opponent			
○B) competitor	○Γ) companion			
4. In one of his letters Newton was accepting the great work carried out by				
A) his contemporaries and predecessors				
○Б) other scientists	S			
B) other compose	ers			
\bigcirc Γ) other men of s	cience			
5. Noel Gallagher is	s obviously			
OA) a scientist	◯Б) a physician			
B) a musician	CΓ) an engraver			

II. COMMUNICATION AND VOCABULARY					
	6. A: Do you know Ron Smith?				
B:A: He is tall and he's got short brown hair.					
(A) I think I know him. What does he look like?					
Б) Oh, yes! What's his experience?					
B) I think I do know him!					
○Γ) I am not sure. Can you describe him?					
7. A: Sarah is very ambitious.					
B: How do you know?					
	A: A) She always strives for success.				
○ She studies hard to take part in the competitions.					
B) She always plays tricks.					
Γ) She hardly ever competes with others.					
0 A. Ualla Thia ia 254 55	74				
8. A: Hello. This is 351-55 B:	14.				
A) Thank you for helping me.					
○Б) I'd like to speak to Peter, please.					
B) The pleasure is all mine!					
◯Γ) I'll call again later.					
9. A: What do I do when I reach the end of the street?					
B:	O=\\\(\(\) \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\				
(A) Turn left.	() F) You have to turn out.				
○B) Turn away.	○Γ) Turn off.				
10. A: What would you lik	e to eat?				
B:					
(A) I think I'll have chicken and chips.					
(S) Yes, please.					
()B) I'll have a tuna fish sandwich and a bowl of vegetable soup.					
Γ) I'll have some napkins, please.					
() - , - : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :					
11. Someone who is not strong is					
(A) muscular	()Б) weak				
◯B) feeble					

12. When the weather is cold we must not		22. I'm worried about spiders.		
○A) bold	◯Б) gold	○A) to be attacked of	○Б) being attacked to	
()B) fold	◯Γ) scold	B) being attacked by	◯Γ) to attack	
- ,			- ,	
13. My neighbour bread yesterday.		23. I could see kids were playing		
○A) ran out of	○Б) ran after	outside.		
○B) ran to	○Γ) ran behind	○A) some, who		
		◯Б) any, whose		
14. To develop your skills you have to		◯B) their, what		
A) practise a lot \bigcirc B) delay a lot		◯Γ) Mrs Brown's, they		
B) idle a lot	○Γ) complain a lot			
Ob) falle a lot	Or) complain a lot			
		24. If he home at 5 p.m. tomorrow, he will watch that film on TV.		
15. I couldn't sleep well last night. I had aache.				
○A) head	○Б) tooth	(A) will come, can to		
◯B) back	◯Γ) foot	○Б) comes, be able to	e to	
		B) gets, certainly		
		○Γ) doesn't come, not be able to		
16. I'd like to collect brac accessories.	elets, belts, and other			
OA) gloves	◯Б) wallets	25. They are books.		
○B) stamps	◯Γ) paintings	A) these children's	○Б) these childrens'	
		B) this child's	C) those kids'	
		,	.	
III. Grammar				
		26. The passive voice also in cases where the doer is not important.		
17. A computer.			Б) is, used	
A) big, Japanese, white, beautiful		(A) is, prefer	~ '	
○Б) beautiful, big, white, Japanese		○B) is, preferred		
B) beautiful, white, big,	Japanese			
◯Γ) white, big, beautiful, Japanese		27you help me with the translation?		
		(A) Will	Б) Could	
40 W		B) Can	○Γ) Are	
18. You are the person I have ever known.		Ob) Call	OI) Ale	
(A) most funny	○Б) funnyest			
○B) funniest	○Γ) most funniest	28. He looks young for his age.		
		(A) to (B) enough		
19. Many parents t	heir children should learn	B) more	$\bigcirc \Gamma$) no	
a foreign language.		OB) More		
○A) talk	◯ Б) say			
OB) tell to	◯Γ) speak	29. How long Engl	ish?	
		(A) have you taught		
		(S) have you been teaching		
20. In some schools pup		B) has he being teaching		
of time workingtheir own.		Γ) has she been teaching		
(A) on	○Б) for	OI) Has she been leadin	ng .	
○B) with	○Γ) in			
		30. To my disappointmen	nt, it wasn't Alabama	
21. It's over and done with,?		I left twenty years ag		
A) doesn't it	○Б) don't it	○A) a	○ Б) an	
B) isn't it	ΟΓ) hasn't it	B) the	○Γ) those	